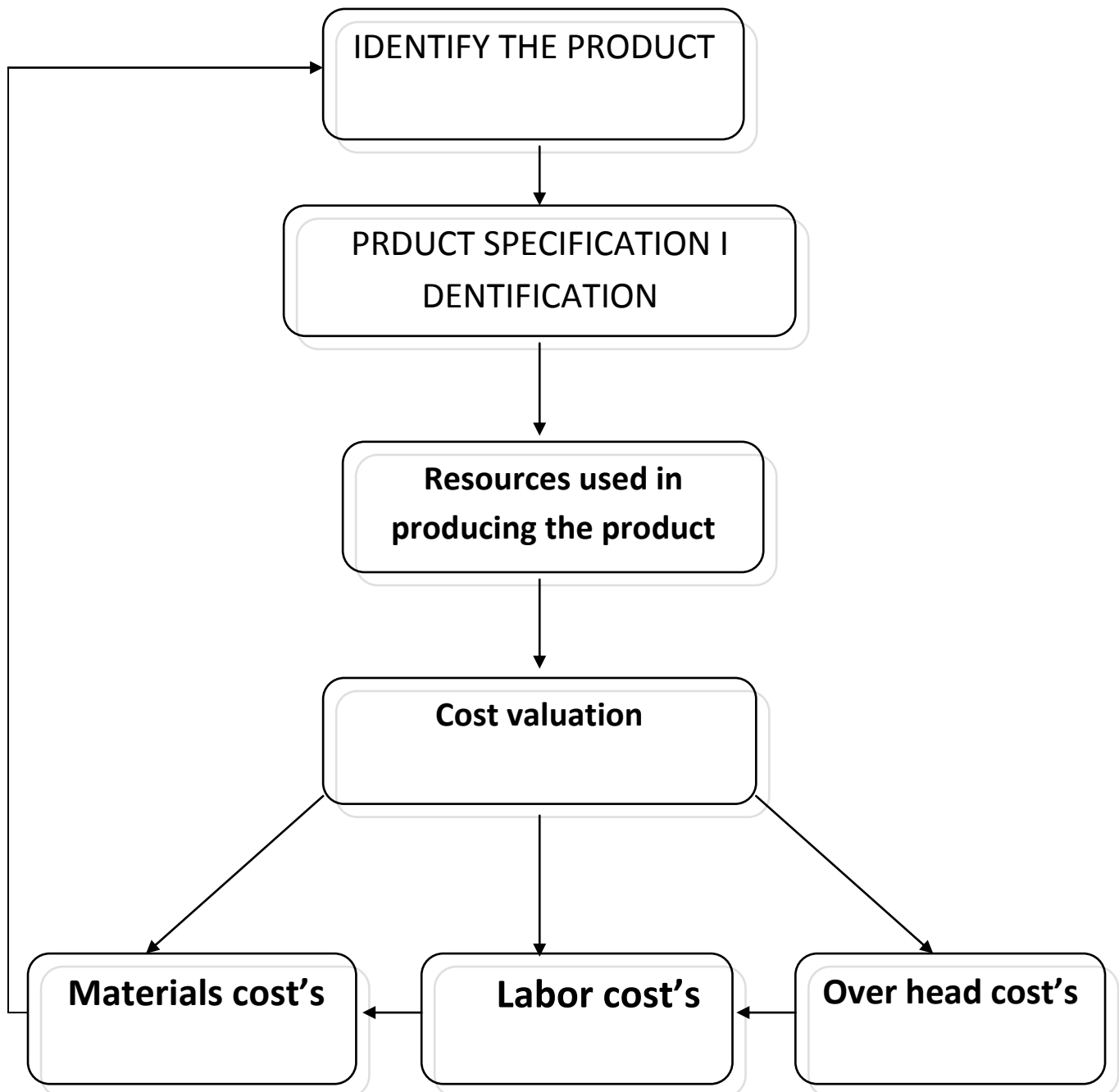


Cycle of costing accounting



• Costs classification by items

- 1- material cost
- 2- labor costs
- 3- overhead costs

• Costs classification Manufacturing

- 1- Marketing
- 2- Administrative
- 3- Environmental

Example(1):

The following is the information of costs production and sales of EL- moneer company for the year 2003

Beginning inventory of direct materials	15000
Purchases of direct materials	180000
Ending inventory of direct materials	20000
Direct labor costs	65000
Electricity costs of plant	8000
Depreciation expense – equipment	12000
Other manufacturing overhead (60% variable)	16000
Beginning inventory of finished goods (in units)	1300
Produced units	6400
Ending inventory of finished goods (in units)	1200
Cost per unit of finished goods for the year 2002	41
Marketing costs	17500
Administrative costs	14200
Selling price per unit	70

Instructions :

- 1- prepare manufacturing costs statement classified into direct and indirect costs for the year 2003
- 2- prepare the previous costs statement classified, into variable and fixed costs
- 3- prepare the income statement for the year 2003

Solution:

El-moneer company manufacturing costs statement for the year 2003 (classified into direct indirect costs)

Details	Cost per unit	Quantity	Sub total	total
<u>Manufacturing costs for the year</u>				
<u>1) Direct costs</u>				
Beginning inventory			15000	
Plus : purchased			180000	
			<hr/>	
			195000	
Less : ending Inv			(20000)	
			<hr/>	
Direct materials			175000	
			+	
Direct labor			65000	
Total direct costs			<hr/>	240000
Over head costs			8000	
Electricity			12000	
Depreciation			16000	
Other overhead			<hr/>	36000
Cost of finished goods	43.12	6400		<hr/> 276000
Add cost				
Of finished goods at the begin of the year	41	1300		53300
				<hr/>
				325200
Less:				
Costs of finished goods at the end of the year	43.12	1200		(51747)
Costs of goods soled	42	6500		273456

Sold unit = produced units + beginning Inventory – Ending Inventory

Sold unit = 6400 + 1300 – 1200 = 6500 units

El-moneer company manufacturing costs statement for the year 2003
(classified into Variable and Fixed costs)

Details	Cost per unit	Quantity	Sub total	total
<u>Manufacturing costs for the year:</u>				
<u>Variable costs:</u>				
<u>1- direct costs</u>				
direct Materials			175000	
direct labor costs			65000	
			<hr/>	240000
<u>Indirect Variable costs</u>				
Electricity costs			8000	
Other overhead			9600	
			<hr/>	17600
Total variable costs				<hr/> 257600
Fixed costs				
Depreciation cost			1200	
Other overhead			6400	
			<hr/>	18400
Total fixed cost				<hr/> 18400
Total cost of finished goods	43.12	6400		<hr/> 276000
Add: cost of finished goods at the end of the year	41	1200		<hr/> 49.200
				<hr/> 325.200
Less:				
Cost of finished	43.12	1200		<hr/> 51.744
Goods at the end of the year				<hr/>
Costs of goods sold				<hr/> 273.456

El- moneer company
Income statement for the year 2003

Sales revenue (6500 units X 70L.E)			455
less:			
costs of goods sold		273.456	
marketing Costs		17.500	
			(290.965)
			<hr/>
Gross profit			164.044
Less:			
Administrative costs			(14.200)
			<hr/>
Net income			149.844

Break even point

$$\text{Break even sales} = \frac{\text{total fixed cost}}{\text{Contribution margin}}$$

(sales price unit – variable cost unit)

Break even point pound = Break even point unit's × sales price unit

$$\text{TARGT PROFIT} = \frac{\text{total fixed cost} + \text{Profit Target}}{\text{Contribution margin}}$$

Margin safety = sales total – break even sales Volume

Example

Variable cost	80 pre unit
Fixed cost	130000
Selling price	150
and sold unit	3000

Instruction

- 1) prepare income statement for the year 2008 to compute profit margin and net income
- 2) compute the break even sales
- 3) compute the sales volume profit target 60000 L.E
- 4) compute margin safety

Income statement 2008

Sales revenues (produced sold × selling price) (3000 × 150)		450000
		-
Less variable cost (produced sold × variable cost pre u (3000 × 80)		240000
Contribution margin		210000
		-
Less fixed cost		130000
Net income		80000

total fixed cost

Break even point unit's= —

Contribution margin

(sales price unit – variable cost unit)

$$= \frac{130000}{150 - 80}$$

$$\text{TARGT PROFIT} = \frac{\text{total fixed cost} + \text{profit target}}{\text{Contribution margin}}$$

$$= \frac{130000 + 6000}{150 - 80}$$

Margin safety = sales total – break even point pound

$$3000 - 185 = 1143/\text{U}$$

Example

Manufacturing costs of unit	180
Marketing costs pre unit	15
Other additional costs	25000
Expected produced unit	2000
Selling price pre unit	300
Additional investment	400000
Deprecation expenses (10% straight line method)	

Instruction

- 1) Compute the additional net income of the above mentioned investment
- 2) Compute the annual cash flows generated
- 3) compute payback period and rate of return on investment

Income Statement

Additional revenues (expected produced * selling price) (2000 × 300)		600000
		--
Less cost of goods sold	360000	
Manufacturing costs (2000 × 180)		
Marketing costs (expected produced *mark) (2000* 15)	30000	
Deprecation expenses (investment × ratio ÷ 100) 400000 × 10 ÷100	40000	
		430000
Gross profit		170000
Less		
Administrative costs		25000
Net income		145000

Annual cash flows

additional net income	145000
add	
Deprecation expenses	40000
(investment * ratio / 100)	
400000* 10/100	
Annual net cash flows	185000